

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

Candidate number

Surname

Forename(s)

Candidate signature

I declare this is my own work.

INTERNATIONAL A-LEVEL

FURTHER MATHEMATICS

(9665/FM03) Unit FP2 Pure Mathematics

Thursday 11 January 2024 07:00 GMT Time allowed: 2 hours 30 minutes

Materials

- For this paper you must have the OxfordAQA Booklet of Formulae and Statistical Tables (enclosed).
- You may use a graphical calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 120.

Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks may be lost.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
TOTAL	



1 The line L has Cartesian equations $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-4}{5} = \frac{z-3}{4}$

The plane Π has Cartesian equation $x + 2y + 3z = 18$

The line L intersects the plane Π at the point A

Find the Cartesian coordinates of A

[3 marks]

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

Answer



[2 marks]

Answer

$$z^4 = -2\sqrt{3} + 2i$$

[4 marks]

Answer

6

Turn over ►



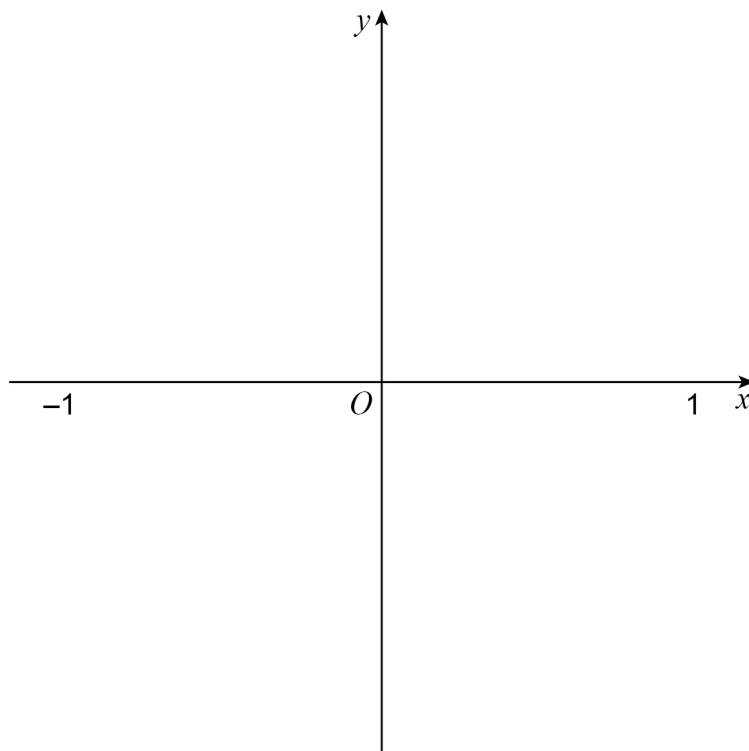
3 (a) (i) Find the gradient of the curve $y = \tanh^{-1} x$ when $x = 0$

[1 mark]

Answer _____

3 (a) (ii) Sketch the curve $y = \tanh^{-1} x$ for $|x| < 1$ on the axes below.

[1 mark]



$$\tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{1+x}{2}\right) + \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x}{2}\right) = \frac{3}{2}\ln 3 - \frac{1}{2}\ln 2$$
[illegible]

Answer _____

7



$$\sum_{r=1}^n \frac{r^2 + r + 1}{r(r+1)} = 1 + n - \frac{1}{n+1}$$
[illegible]

5

where $0 \leq x < \frac{\pi}{2}$

given that $y=1$ when $x=\frac{\pi}{3}$

Give your answer in the form $y = f(x)$

[6 marks]

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal blue ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

$y =$ _____

6

Turn over ►



- 6 (a)** Find the first three non-zero terms in the Maclaurin series expansion in ascending powers of x of $\cos(2x)$

[1 mark]

Answer _____

- 6 (b)** Hence find the Maclaurin series expansion of $e^{\cos(2x)-1}$ in ascending powers of x up to and including x^4

[2 marks]

Answer _____



- 7 (a) Explain why $\int_3^{\infty} \frac{x-3}{e^x} dx$ is an improper integral.

[1 mark]

- 7 (b) Find the exact value of the improper integral

$$\int_3^{\infty} \frac{x-3}{e^x} dx$$

showing the limiting process used.

[5 marks]



Do not write
outside the
box

Answer _____

6

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



8 (a) Prove by induction that, for all integers $n \geq 1$

$$\sum_{r=1}^n (r^3 + 3r^5) = \frac{1}{2}n^3(n+1)^3$$

[5 marks]

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

8 (b)

$$\sum_{r=1}^{3N} r^5 = \frac{3}{4} N^2 (3N+1)^2 (18N^2+6N-1)$$

[3 marks]

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

- 9** The transformation T is represented by the non-singular matrix

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 & k \\ 2 & 3 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

where k is an integer.

- 9 (a)** In the case when T has a line of invariant points:

- 9 (a) (i)** find the value of k

[3 marks]

Answer _____

- 9 (a) (ii)** find the Cartesian equations of the line of invariant points.

[2 marks]

Answer _____



[6 marks]

[illegible]

Answer _____

11

Turn over ►



10 (a)

[6 marks]

[illegible]

Answer



10 (b)

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = \sin 4x + 38\cos 4x$$

It is also given that the first two non-zero terms in the Maclaurin series expansion in ascending powers of x of $f(x)$ are $4 + 17x^2$

Find the value of $f\left(\frac{\pi}{16}\right)$ giving your answer in a simplified exact form.

[4 marks]

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

Answer _____

10

Turn over ►



The plane Π_1 has equation $\mathbf{r} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + \lambda \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} + \mu \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$

Find the sum of the direction cosines of a line perpendicular to the plane Π_1

[illegible]

Answer _____



11 (b)

The line L is the line of intersection of the planes Π_1 and Π_2

The equation of the line L is $\mathbf{r} - \begin{vmatrix} p \\ q \end{vmatrix} \times \begin{vmatrix} -5 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix} = \mathbf{0}$ where p and q are constants.

Find the value of c , the value of p and the value of q

[6 marks]

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

$c =$ _____ $p =$ _____ $q =$ _____

11

Turn over ►



12 (a)

$$\cos 5\theta = 16 \cos^5 \theta + a \cos^3 \theta + b \cos \theta$$

where a and b are integers.

[5 marks]

[illegible]

12 (b)

$$\cos \frac{2\pi}{5}, \cos \frac{4\pi}{5}, \cos \frac{6\pi}{5} \text{ and } \cos \frac{8\pi}{5}$$

is

$$16x^4 + 16x^3 + kx^2 + kx + 1 = 0$$

where k is an integer.

[4 marks]



- 12 (c)** Hence use the equation in **part (b)** to find the quadratic equation with integer coefficients whose roots are $\cos \frac{2\pi}{5}$ and $\cos \frac{6\pi}{5}$

[4 marks]

Answer _____



13

$$x = \tanh t \quad \text{and} \quad y = \frac{1}{\cosh t} \quad \text{for all real values of } t$$

The length of the arc of C between the points on the curve where $t = -1$ and $t = 1$ is equal to s

13 (a) (i)

[5 marks]

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

[4 marks]

[illegible]

Answer

[3 marks]

Cartesian equation

Values of x

Values of y

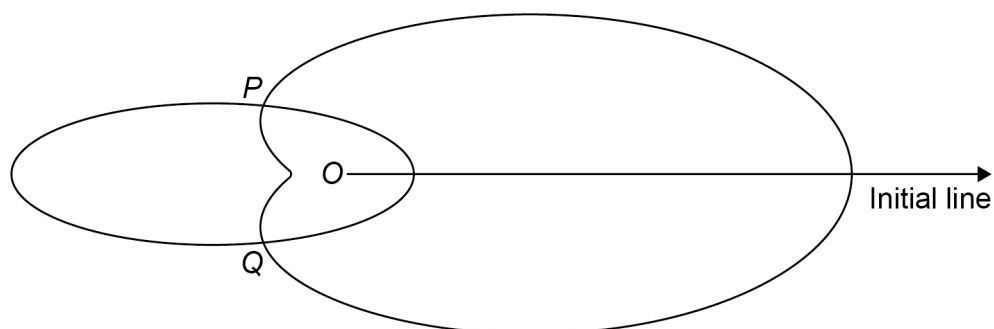
12

Turn over ►



- 14** **Figure 1** shows an ellipse E and a curve C which intersect at the points P and Q . The pole O and the initial line are also shown.

Figure 1



The Cartesian equation of the ellipse E is

$$5x^2 + 9y^2 = 36 - 24x$$

The polar equation of the curve C is

$$r = 5 + 4 \cos \theta \quad \text{where } -\pi \leq \theta \leq \pi$$

- 14 (a)** Show that the polar equation of the ellipse E is $r = \frac{6}{3 + 2 \cos \theta}$

[4 marks]



14 (b) Show that the area of triangle OPQ is $\frac{9\sqrt{3}}{4}$

[4 marks]

Question 14 continues on the next page

Turn over ►

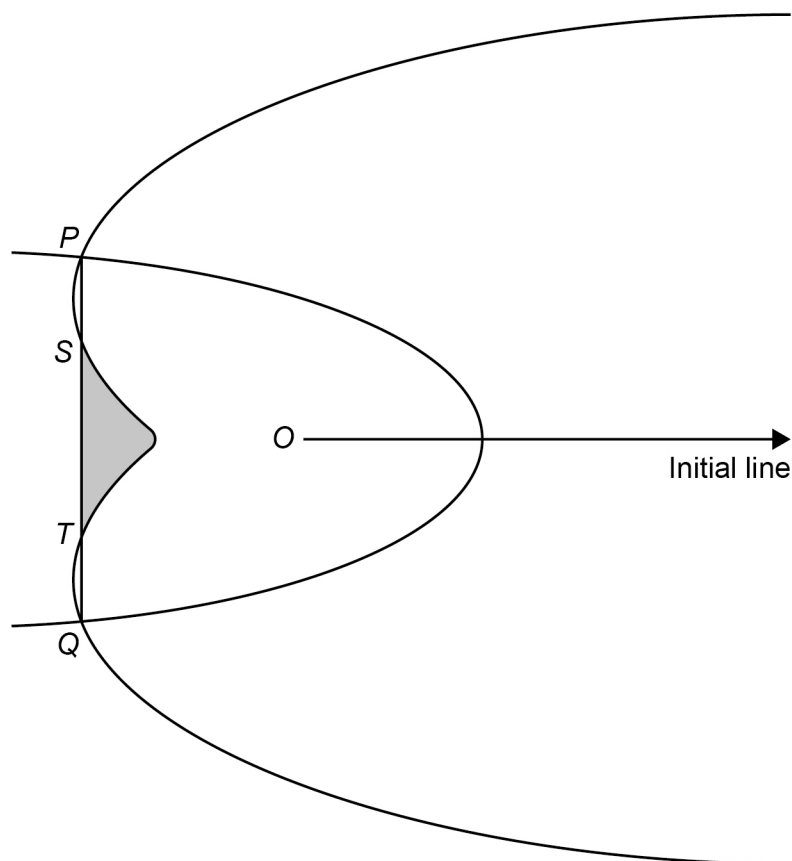


14 (c) **Figure 2** shows an enhanced version of part of **Figure 1**.

The line segment PQ intersects the curve C at the points S and T .

The finite region bounded by the line segment ST and the curve C is shaded.

Figure 2



Find the area of the shaded region.

Give your answer in the form $a\sqrt{n} + m\cos^{-1}(b)$ where n and m are integers and a and b are rational.

[7 marks]



Answer _____

15



There are no questions printed on this page

*Do not write
outside the
box*

**DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE
ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**



*Do not write
outside the
box*

[illegible]

*Do not write
outside the
box*

[illegible]

There are no questions printed on this page

*Do not write
outside the
box*

**DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE
ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**

Copyright information

For confidentiality purposes, all acknowledgements of third-party copyright material are published in a separate booklet. This booklet is published after each live examination series and is available for free download from www.oxfordaqa.com

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright-holders may have been unsuccessful and OxfordAQA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgements. If you have any queries please contact the Copyright Team.

Copyright © 2024 OxfordAQA International Examinations and its licensors. All rights reserved.



3 2



2 4 1 X F M O 3

IB/G/Jan24/FM03