

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

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Candidate number

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Surname

Forename(s)

Candidate signature

I declare this is my own work.

INTERNATIONAL AS GEOGRAPHY

Paper 2 Human Geography 1

Friday 9 January 2026 07:00 UK Time Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler with millimetre measurements
- a calculator, which you are expected to use where appropriate.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do **not** write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- All working must be shown.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may use a bilingual dictionary for this exam.
- You may **not** use an English dictionary.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
TOTAL	



Section A – Global Systems and Governance

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

You must answer **all** of **Section A**.

Only **one** answer per question is allowed.

For each question completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.

CORRECT METHOD



WRONG METHODS



If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.



If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown.



0 1 . 1

Which of the following are **both** threats to the world's oceans caused by oil and plastic pollution?

[1 mark]

- A They are only found on the ocean surface **and** they can mean shipping routes need to be changed.
- B They cause air pollution **and** they can lead to an increase in ocean temperatures.
- C They harm ocean wildlife **and** they can spread out, which makes clearing up difficult.
- D They lead to increased fishing **and** they can wash on shore, affecting coastal communities.

☐
☐
☐
☐

0 1 . 2

Which of the following is an injustice linked to an attempt to develop global governance?

[1 mark]

- A A transnational corporation takes advantage of lower labour costs in a poorer country. This exploits workers.
- B The UN creates new guidance on air pollution in response to climate change. This negatively affects poorer countries.
- C The World Trade Organization removes global trade barriers. This helps to create free trade.
- D Two countries argue over the breakdown in a trade agreement. This affects trade links.

☐
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0 1 . 3

'Over time, the development of ports and routes has helped to increase the amount of goods being moved around the world.'

Which factor in globalisation does this describe?

[1 mark]

- A Information systems ☐
- B Technology ☐
- C Trade agreements ☐
- D Transport ☐

0 1 . 4

Variable access to global markets has an impact on people.

Which of the following are **both negative** impacts?

[1 mark]

- A Decreased access to cheaper goods from overseas **and** lack of variety of products. ☐
- B Increased risk of air pollution **and** creation of new job opportunities. ☐
- C Limited awareness of international brands **and** increased opportunities for local companies. ☐
- D Reduced access to trade links **and** increased transport opportunities within the country. ☐

0 1 . 5

Which of the following is an example of a global flow of information?

[1 mark]

- A A transnational corporation shares a news report in multiple countries about a natural disaster. ☐
- B Different countries ship computers to each other in exchange for financial services. ☐
- C Groups of people migrate to another country after being warned about future water shortages. ☐
- D The government sends out a radio broadcast to warn people about a weather event within the country. ☐

5

Turn over ►



Figure 1 shows the percentage of coral reef locations affected by bleaching in the Pacific Ocean from 1980 to 2016.

Coral bleaching occurs when water becomes too warm, which causes the coral to turn completely white. Coral can recover from bleaching.

Figure 1

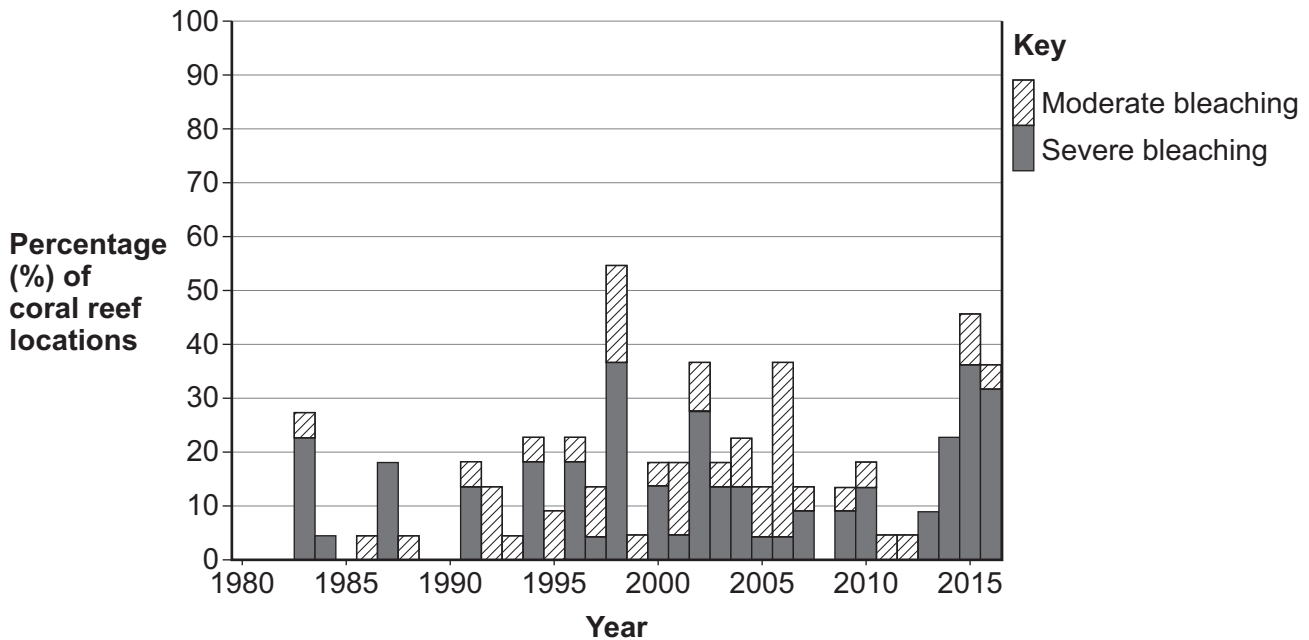
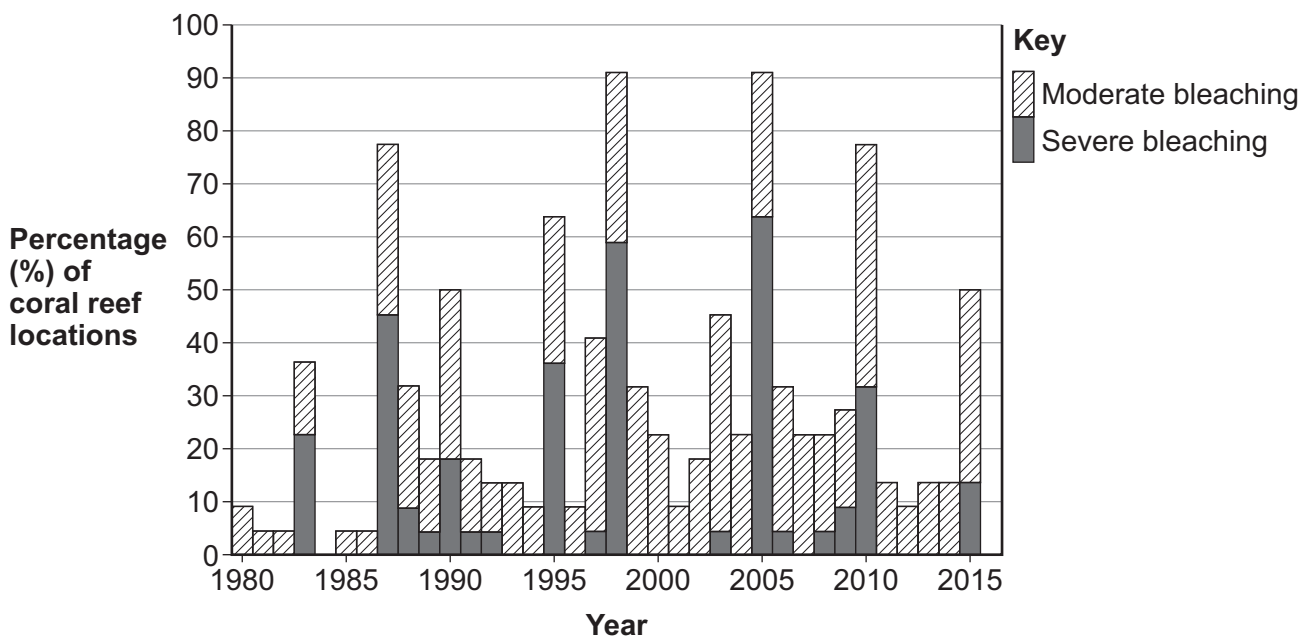


Figure 2 shows the percentage of coral reef locations affected by bleaching in the Western Atlantic Ocean from 1980 to 2016.

Figure 2



Analyse the data shown in **Figure 1** and **Figure 2**.

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Extra space _____

6

[9 marks]

[illegible]



[20 marks]

[illegible]

[illegible]

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20

Turn over ►



Section B – Resource SecurityAnswer **all** questions in the spaces provided.You must answer **all** of **Section B**.Only **one** answer per question is allowed.

For each question completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.

CORRECT METHOD



WRONG METHODS



If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.



If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown.

**0 5 . 1** Improvements in energy supply can improve water supply from desalination.

Which of the following is an example of this?

[1 mark]

- A** Taking sea water into a factory along pipelines which is used to create energy.
- B** Using energy from wind power to move drinking water to urban locations.
- C** Using hydro-electric power to create energy from salt water taken from the sea.
- D** Using more effective solar power to convert sea water into drinking water.

☐☐☐☐**0 5 . 2** Which of the following are **all** natural water sources?**[1 mark]**

- A** Desalination, rivers and the atmosphere
- B** Rainfall, saltwater lakes and bottles
- C** Rivers, groundwater and freshwater lakes
- D** Seas, pipelines and ice caps

☐☐☐☐

0 5 . 3 'Using natural resources in industry for economic growth or development'.

Which of the following does this define?

[1 mark]

- A** Resource exploitation ☐
- B** Resource exploration ☐
- C** Resource extraction ☐
- D** Resource management ☐

0 5 . 4 Which of the following is a strategy to reduce energy consumption?

[1 mark]

- A** Conducting research into better ways to produce energy. ☐
- B** Educating people on how to be more energy efficient in homes. ☐
- C** Making more renewable energy available for use in homes. ☐
- D** Providing a wider variety of energy suppliers to businesses. ☐

0 5 . 5 Damaged water pipelines that are losing water are repaired.

Which of the following is this an example of?

[1 mark]

- A** Groundwater management ☐
- B** Using 'grey water' ☐
- C** Water conservation ☐
- D** Water recycling ☐

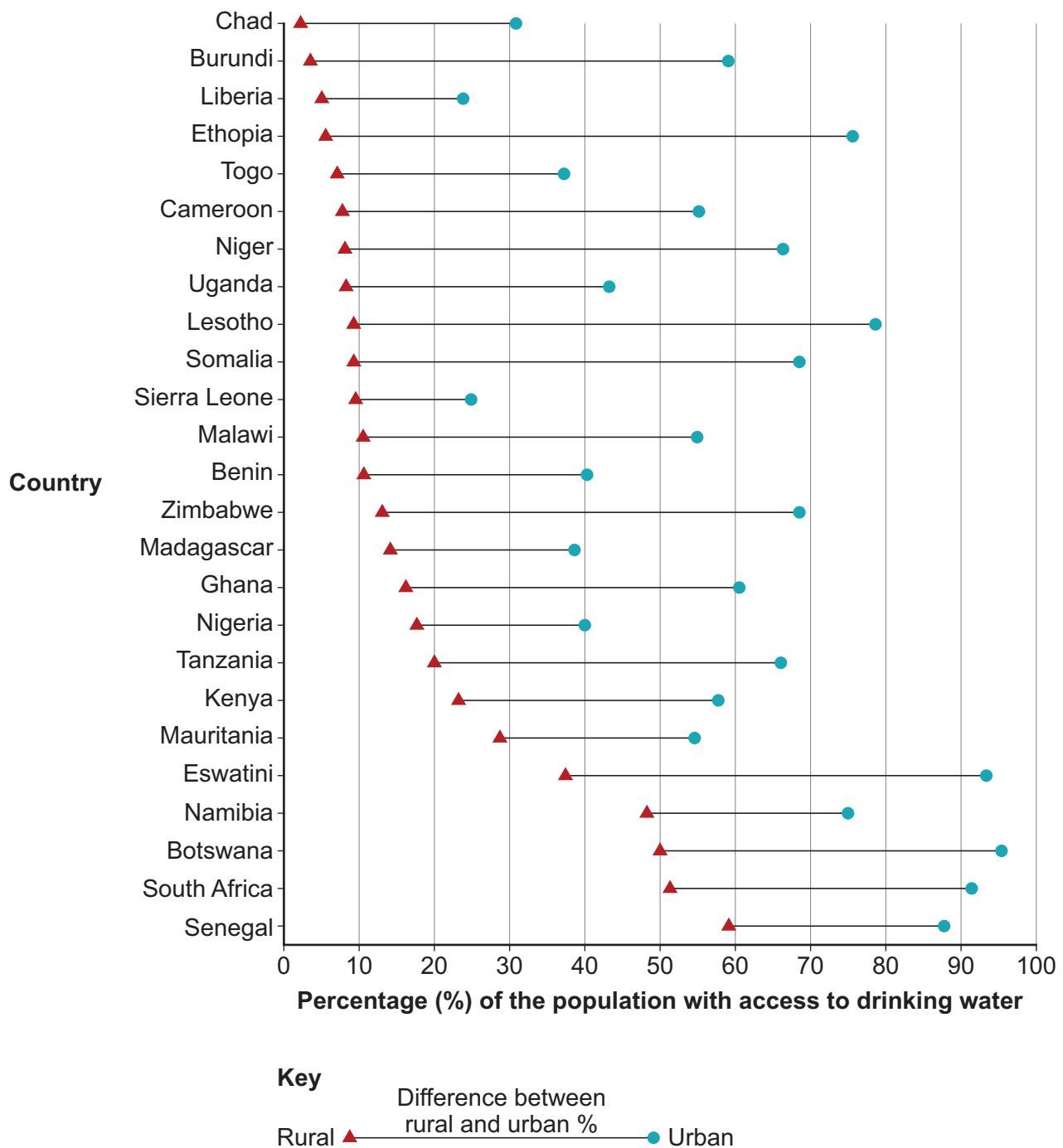
5

Turn over ►



Figure 3 shows the difference between access to drinking water in rural and urban areas for 25 countries in Africa.

Figure 3



[6 marks]

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[9 marks]

[illegible]

9



Evaluate the importance of physical geography in the development of energy supplies.

[illegible]

[illegible]

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END OF QUESTIONS



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ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**



[illegible]

